

Analysis of Chromatin Regulators Reveals Specific Features of Rice DNA Methylation Pathways¹

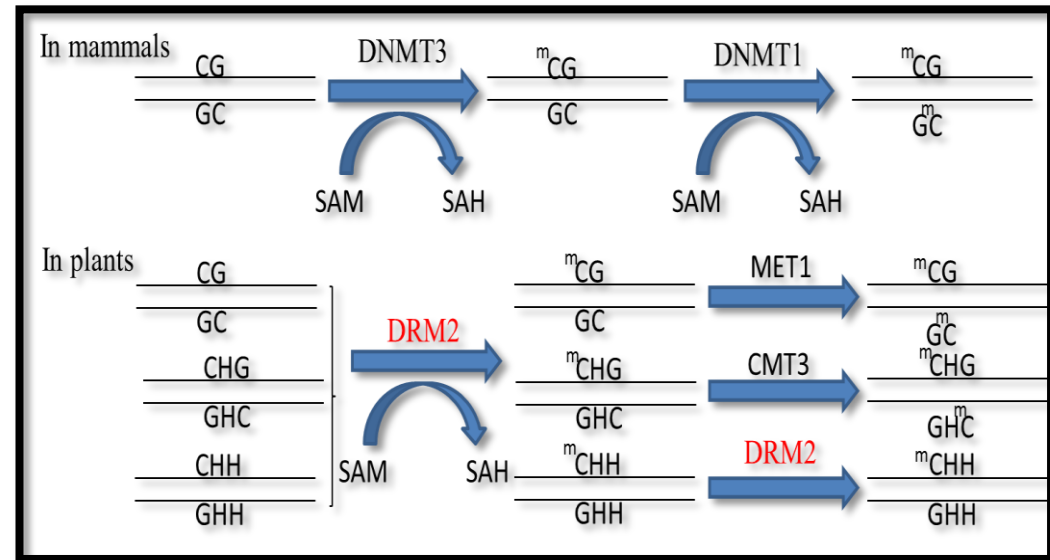
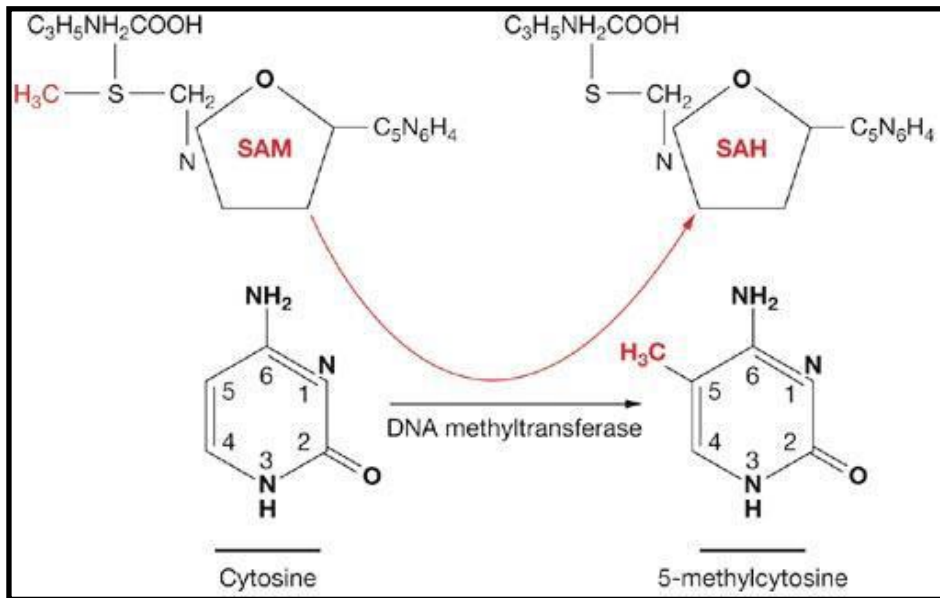
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2017.1.11

Background



Effects of the *osddm1a/1b* and *osdrm2* mutations on plant growth and genome-wide cytosine methylation.

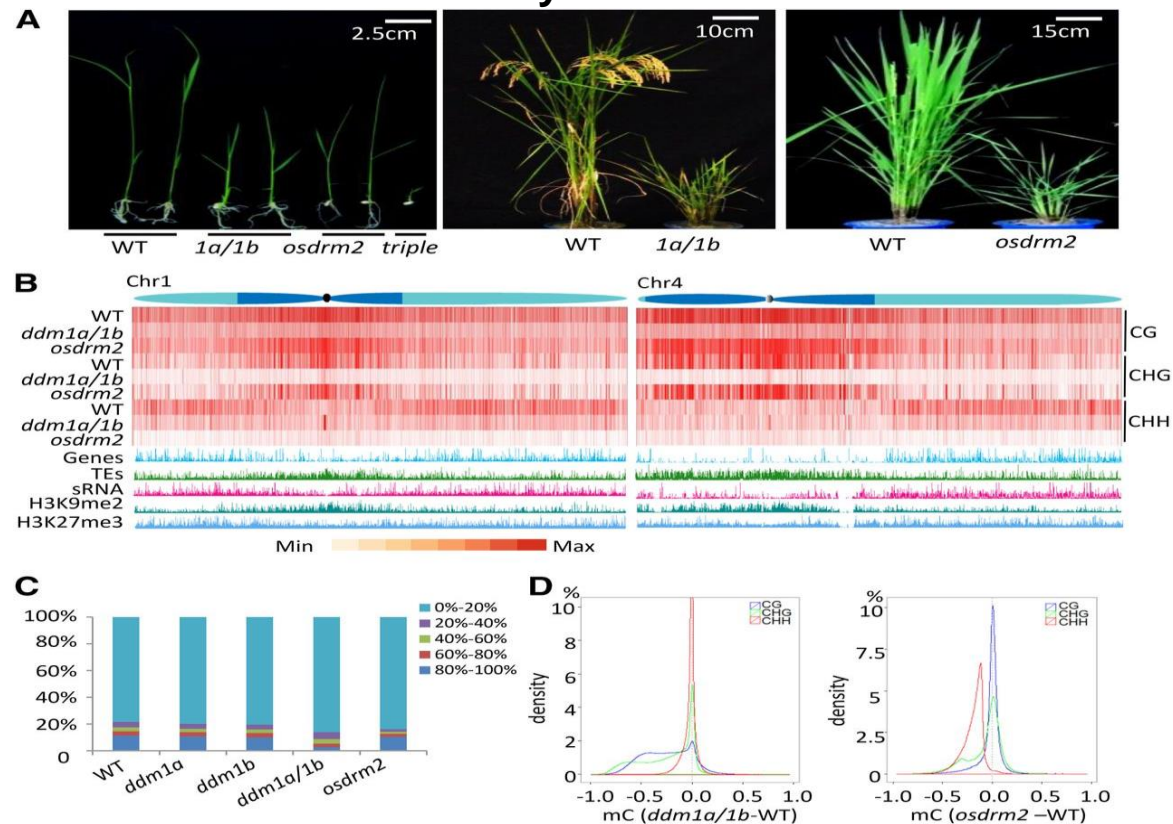
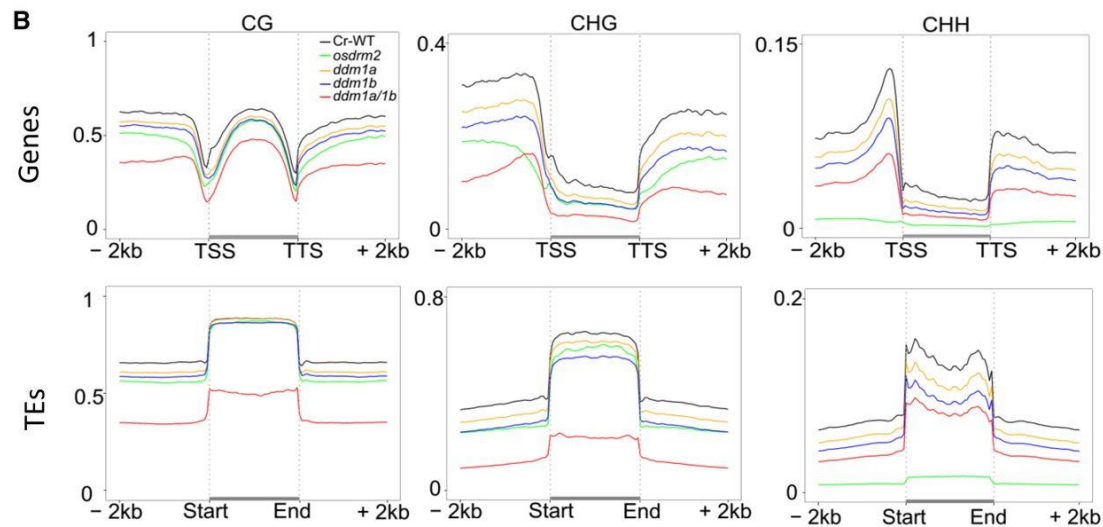
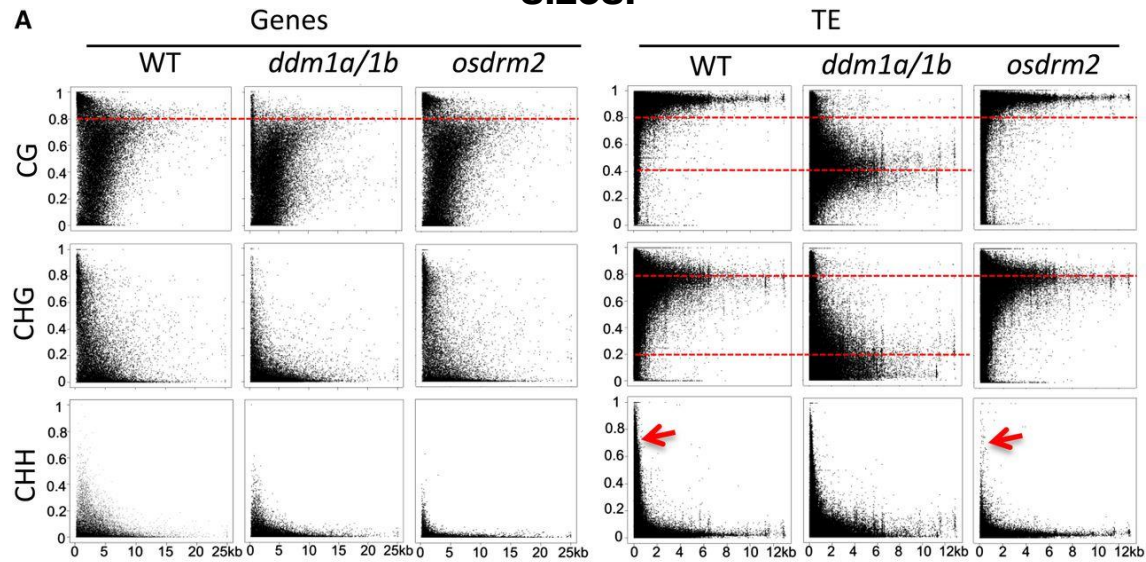


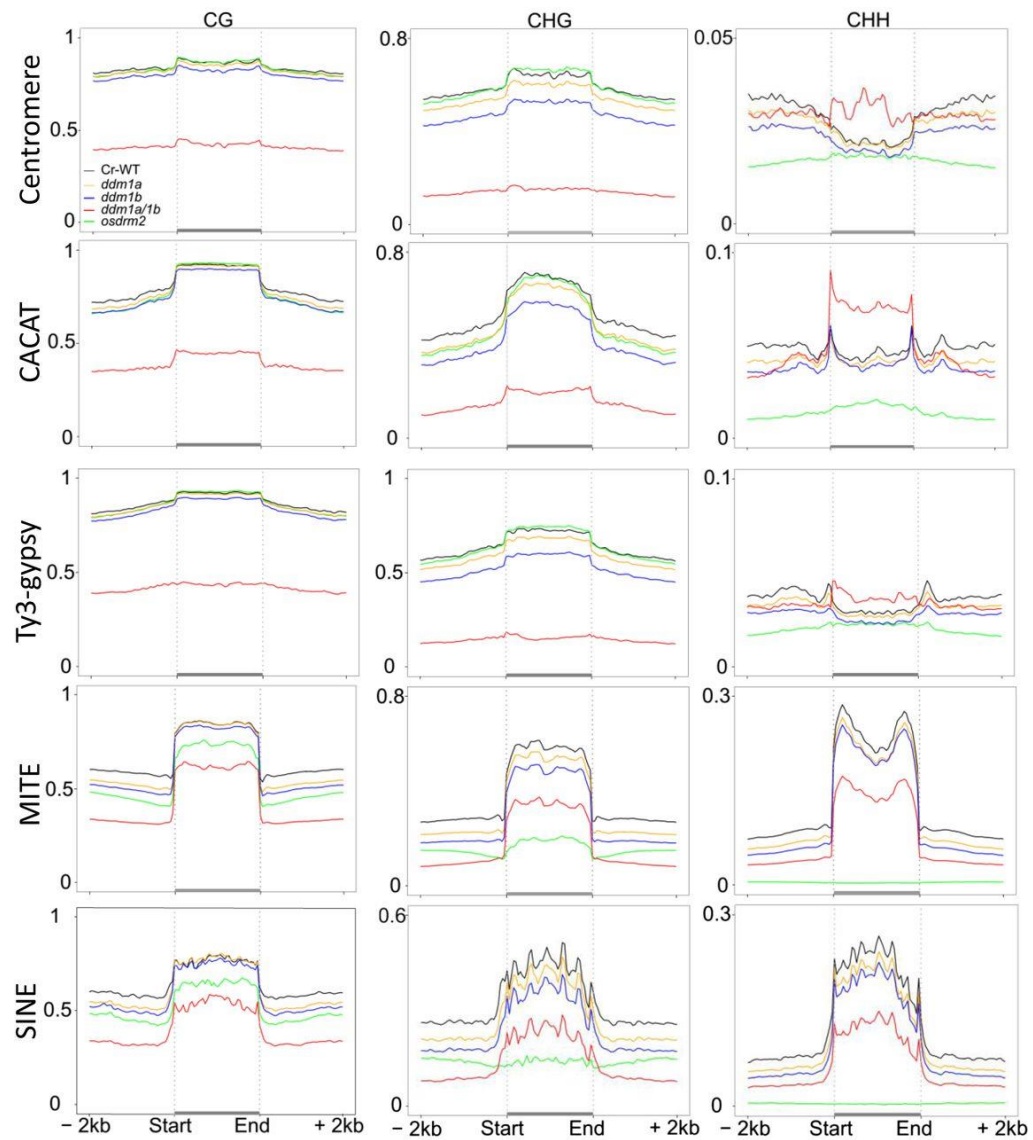
Table 1. Cytosine methylation levels in wild-type and mutant plants

Genotype	Methylation Levels				Percentage of Decrease			
	C	CG	CHG	CHH	C	CG	CHG	CHH
Wild type	17.60%	63.90%	30.60%	5.30%				
<i>ddm1a</i>	15.90%	60.40%	26.30%	4.30%	9.66%	5.48%	14.05%	18.87%
<i>ddm1b</i>	14.70%	58.60%	22.60%	3.60%	16.48%	8.29%	26.14%	32.08%
<i>osdrm2</i>	12.60%	57.00%	23.60%	0.80%	28.41%	10.80%	22.88%	84.91%
<i>ddm1a/1b</i>	8.10%	35.20%	8.10%	2.70%	53.98%	44.91%	73.53%	49.06%

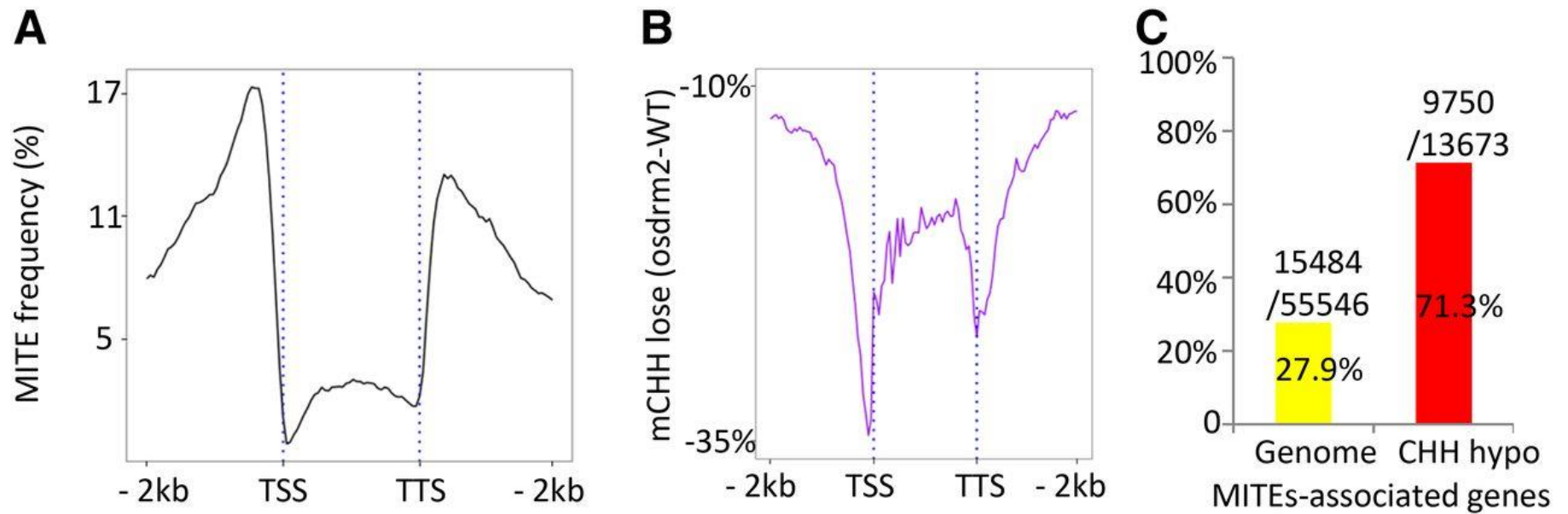
Average cytosine methylation levels in all sequence contexts in genes and TEs. A, Average cytosine methylation levels in all sequence contexts plotted against gene (left) and TE (right) sizes.



Genome-wide average levels of methylation in each sequence context of the indicated TE families and repeats in culture-regenerated wild-type (Cr WT) and mutant plants.



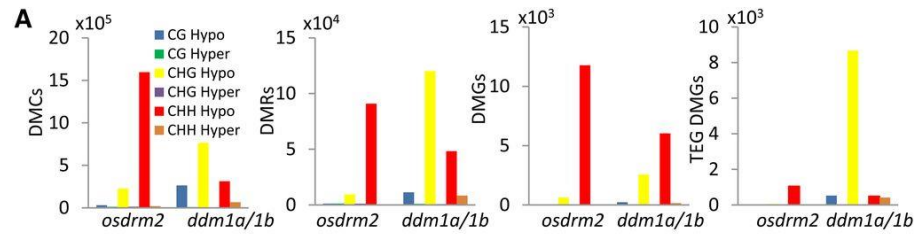
The *osdrm2* mutation reduces CHH methylation of MITEs that are located close to genes.



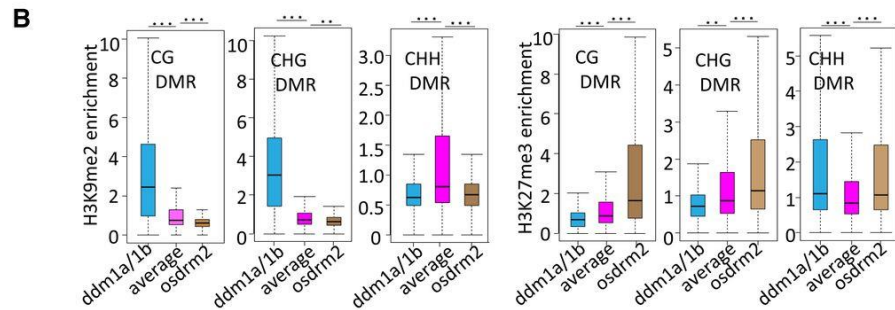
TSS: Transcription start site

TTS: transcription terminal site

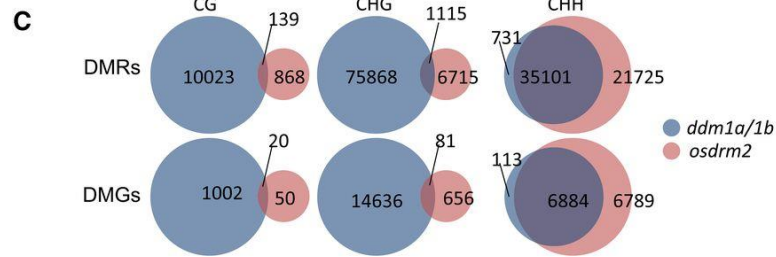
Analysis of DMCs, DMRs, and DMGs detected in *osddm1a/1b* and *osdrm2* mutants.



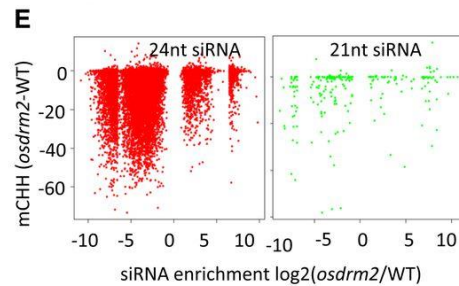
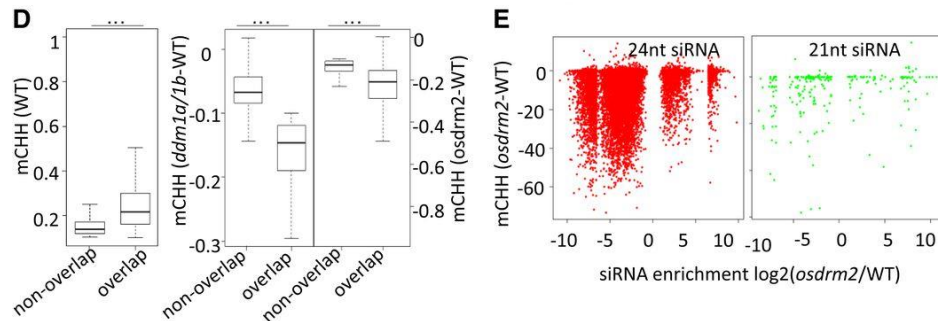
DMCs: differentially methylated cytosines



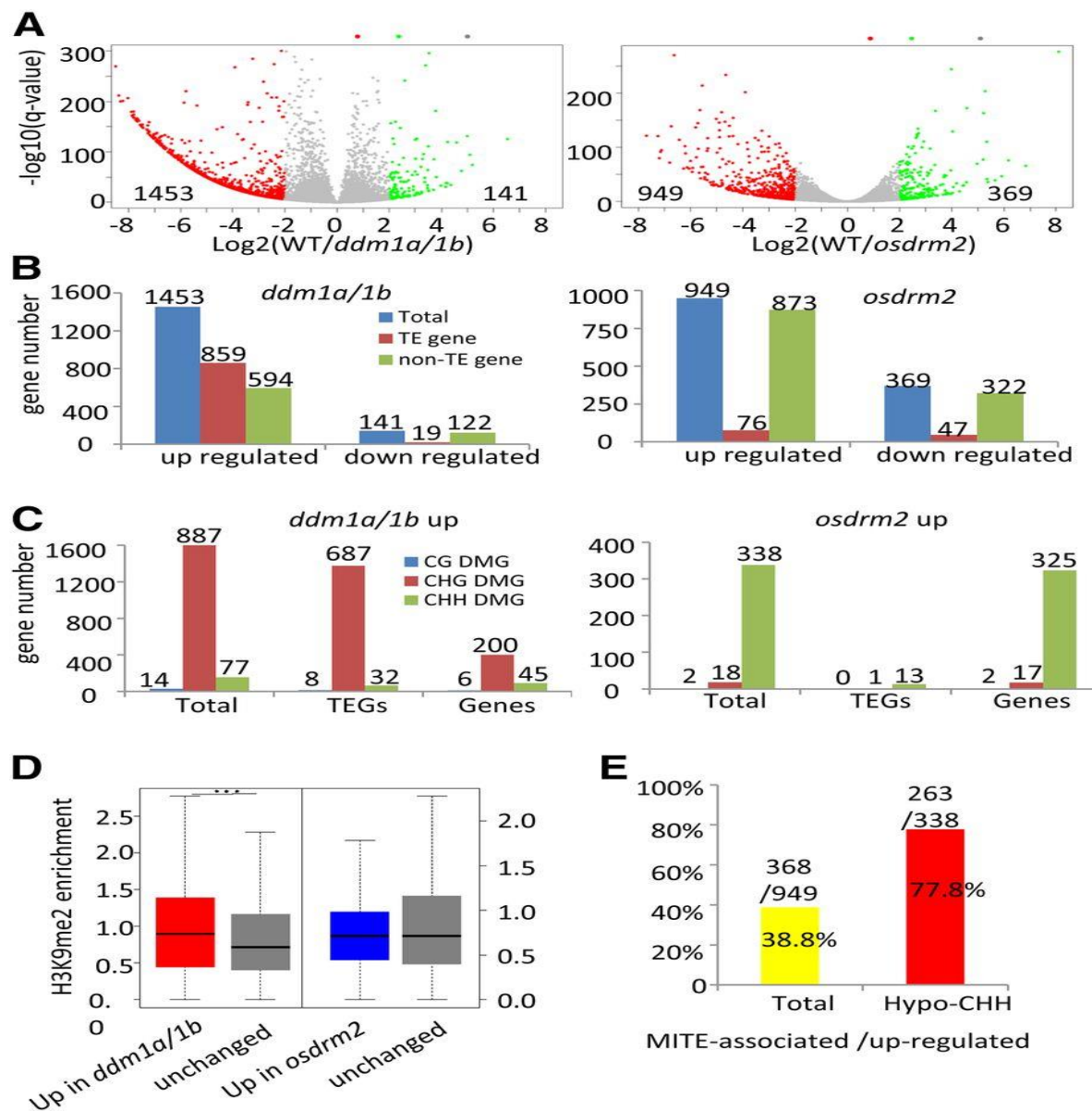
DMRs: differentially methylated regions



DMGs: differentially methylated genes



Differentially expressed protein-coding genes and TEGs in *osddm1a/1b* and *osdrm2* mutants.



总结：

水稻中失去DDM1和DRM2基因，在初代会产生很严重的表型，而在拟南芥中初代并没有什么表型。

未解决的问题：

CHH在常染色质中反而增加，这一点文中并没有解释为什么。

在后面研究与MITE相关的基因也没具体说哪些基因。

不足：

文章老围绕一个话题在那里反过来覆过去的讨论，图形比较单一。

谢谢